#### CITY OF RIGBY RIGBY, IDAHO

Basic Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information With Supplementary Information and Independent Auditor's Report Year Ended September 30, 2015

#### Table of Contents Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report on the Basic Financial Statements	i-ii
Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Statements	1-7
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Activities	9
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	15
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	16
Notes to the Financial Statements	17-32
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Budget to Actual Comparison Statement – General Fund	33
Budget to Actual Comparison Statement - Road Fund	34
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	35
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Schedule of Employer Contributions	36-37
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Combining Balance Sheet – Non major Funds	38
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non major Funds	39
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	40
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	41-42

#### Table of Contents Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Page
Schedule of Audit Findings and Responses	43
Schedule of Prior Findings & Questioned Costs	44

#### JENSEN POULSEN & COMPANY, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. BOX 50700
185 S. CAPITAL
IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO 83405-0700

ERNEST M JENSEN, M.B.A., C.P.A. ROBERT B. POULSEN, C.P.A. SHERI L. POULSEN, C.P.A. CORY L. WALLACE, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: (208) 522-2295 (208) 522-1330 FAX: (208) 522-2297 (208) 523-5699

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Rigby, Idaho Rigby, ID 83442

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rigby as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rigby basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governments activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rigby, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 31-32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during out audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express and opinion or provide any assurance of the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise of City of Rigby's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were Derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Jensen Poulsen & Company, PLLC

JENSEN POULSEN & COMPANY, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Idaho Falls, ID February 4, 2016

### City of Rigby Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2015

As management of the City of Rigby, we offer the citizens of the City of Rigby's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Rigby for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The net assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2015 by \$22,302,000.

- Of this amount, \$5.9 million represents unrestricted net position and \$2.9 million of restricted assets which is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased from \$20.386 million to \$22.302 million, an increase of \$2.826 million as a result of this year's operations.
- At fiscal year end, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending net position balance of \$7.8 million, an increase of \$1.125 million. The business-type activities reported ending net position balance of \$14.502 million, an increase of \$790,000 from the prior year.
- The General Fund Balance at the end of the year is \$912,334, a decrease of \$47,772 from September 30, 2014. The fund balance is 71% of the total General Fund expenditures and fund transfers for the current year.
- The net working capital for all funds decreased from \$9.212 million to \$8.545 million, a decrease of \$667,000 over the prior year net working capital.
- Fixed capital assets of the city increased by \$2.122 million.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Rigby's basic financial statements. The City of Rigby's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statement themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The *governmental-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Rigby's finances, in a manner similar to a business-like manner. These statements include all assets and liabilities using full accrual accounting, which is similar to accounting used by most large businesses. Full accrual accounting reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses when they are obligated, regardless of whether or not cash has yet been received or paid out.

These statements distinguish *functions* that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are supported by user fees (business-like actives). Governmental activities include: general administration, public safety, streets and roads, park & recreation, cultural (library), airport operation, capital projects and other special revenue funds. The business-like activities include: water, sanitation and sewer revenue/wastewater treatment.

The government-wide financial statements also include separately the financial information of the Rigby Urban Renewal Agency as a component unit.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Rigby's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Rigby is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation/sick leave).

<u>Fund financial statements:</u> A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Rigby, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the city can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains thirteen individual governmental fund and three proprietary funds (water, sewer and sanitation) and one internal service fund. The city does not have any fiduciary funds.

The basic governmental wide funds financial statements can be found on pages 8-16 and non-major funds on pages 38-39.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 17-32 of the audit report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

<u>Net Position:</u> For the years ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, Net Position changed as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	All Activities
Net Position Sept 30, 2014	6,674,538	13,711,366	20,385,904
Increase in Net Position	<u>1,124,803</u>	<u>790,471</u>	1,915,274
Net Position Sept 30, 2015	7,799,341	14,501,837	22,301,178
Percent Change	16.85%	5.76%	9.40%

Following is the comparative statement of Net Position (2014 vs. 2015).

TOHOWING IS THE	Governmen		Business-ti	pe Activities	<u>Total - All</u>	Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	Change
Current and other assets	2,412,473	2,533,601	7,726,248	7,342,525	10,138,721	9,876,126	(262,595)
Capital Assets(Net)	4,904,098	6,080,839	<u>17,892,707</u>	17,857,229	22,796,805	23,938,068	<u>1,141,263</u>
Total Assets	7,316,571	8,614,440	25,618,955	25,199,754	32,935,526	33,814,194	878,668
Deferred Outflows - Pension	<u>-0-</u>	183,544	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	183,544	183,544
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	7,316,571	8,797,984	25,618,955	25,199,754	32,935,526	33,997,738	1,062,212
Current Liabilities	578,659	683,241	349,109	647,548	927,767	1,330,788	(403,021)
Long-term liabilities outstanding	20,744	15,886	11,542,869	10,031,908	11,563,613	10,047,794	1,515,819
Other Liabilities	42,630	<u>45,121</u>	<u>15,612</u>	<u>18,461</u>	58,242	63,582	<u>(5,340)</u>
Total Liabilities	642,033	744,248	11,907,590	10,697,917	12,549,622	11,442,164	<u>1,107,458</u>
Deferred Inflows - Pension	<u>-0-</u>	<u>254,395</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>254,395</u>	(254,395)
Net Position:							
Invested in capital assets net of debt	4,860,412	6,060,094	6,250,268	7,364,353	11,110,680	13,424,447	2,313,767
Restricted	842,581	1,290,121	1,568,830	1,680,923	2,411,411	2,971,044	559,633
Unrestricted	971 <u>,545</u>	449,126	<u>5,892,268</u>	<u>5,456,561</u>	6,863,813	5,905,687	(958,126)
Total net assets	6,674,538	7,799,341	13,711,365	14,501,837	20,385,904	22,301,178	1,915,274

As noted above, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the City of Rigby, assets exceeded liabilities by \$20.385 million at September 30, 2014 compared with \$22.301 million at September 30, 2015, an overall net increase of \$1.915 million in net assets. The increase represents the net change in the city's addition in the water and sewer projects less depreciation charges.

#### Outstanding Debt:

The debt owed on the government activities and business-type assets decreased from \$11.653million to \$11.509 million as shown below.

	<u>Beginning</u>	Additions	Retirement	Ending
Government Vehicle Leasing	18,286		18,286	
Bank of the West	25,400		4,655	20,745
DEQ Wastewater Loan	7,927,016		198,175	7,728,821
USDA-RD Wastewater Loan	3,7 <u>15,423</u>		951,368	2,764,055
O3DA-ND Wastewater Losin	11,685,125		1,172,484	10,513,621
Compensated Absences Total	<u>53,781</u> 11,739,886	<u>9,801</u> 9,801		<u>63,582</u> 10,577,203

Working capital (current assets less current liabilities) for all of the cities funds has increased from \$2.8 million at September 30, 2009 to \$8.545 million at September 30, 2015, a net increase of \$5.7 million over the six year period.

Working Capital - All Funds	2009	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015
Current/Other Assets	4,372,875	8,280,205	8,765,919	10,138,721	9,876,126
Current Liabilities	1,538,052	1,731,251	1,192,828	<u>927,767</u>	<u>1,330,788</u>
	2,834,823	6,548,954	7,573,091	9,210,954	8,545,338
Net Working Capital Year over Year % Increase (Decrease)		19%	16%	22%	(7.27%)

The city's financial goal policy is to maintain unrestricted/unreserved fund balance equal to 25% or greater of the succeeding year's operating budget this allows for unforeseen emergencies, and to mitigate current and future risks. The following schedule shows the funds achieving the financial goal and those that are under achieving.

	Ending Fund Balance	2015 Budget	25% 2015 Budget	Excess Reserves
General Fund	912,334	1,280,385	320,000	592,334
Library Fund	30,939	173,380	43,350	(12,411)
Parks/Recreation	114,498	93,791	23,500	90,998
Roads	296,441	383,538	95,900	200,541
Parks/Rodeo	31,603	68,100	17,000	14,603
Capital Improvement	537,181	297,400	74,350	462,831
Water Revenue (Net)	525,822	525,575	131,400	394,422
Sanitation	395,793	316,850	79,200	316,593
Sewer Revenue (Net of Bond)	2,149,511	958,100	239,500	1,910,011

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHT

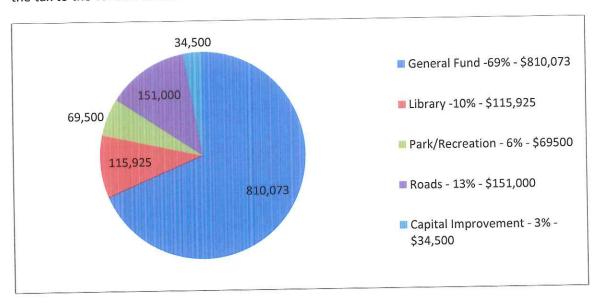
The general fund is the primary operating funds of the city. At year end its unreserved, undesignated fund balance was \$912,334 vs. \$971,545 for the prior year. The city authorized a \$350,000 transfer from the unreserved fund balance to the capital improvement fund. With the planned transfer the net unrestricted fund was expected to be \$639,000, actual ending balance at September 30, 2015 is at \$912,000.

The mayor and council adopt annual operating budgets for all funds – governmental and proprietary funds. The city measures its success of achieving its goals through implementation of the budget process. Revenues and expenditures are recorded in the financial statements on the modified accrual basis of accounting and budgets on a cash basis of accounting.

Annual budgets are published prior to adoption and public hearings are held. Budgets may be amended during the year. Whenever budgets are raised over the authorized budget statues require public hearing and re-publication of the prior budget, increase and revised budget. The city did not amend its 2014/15 budget.

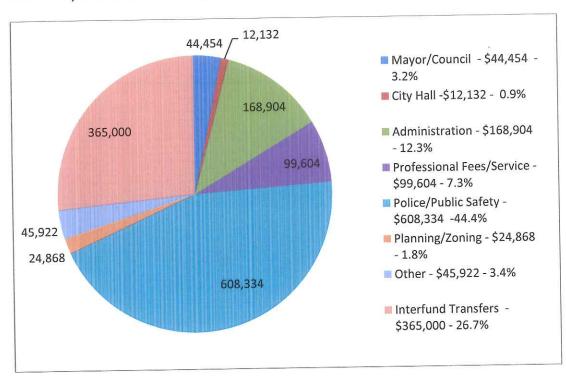
#### **PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENT -**

The city assessed \$1.180 million from property taxes. The following pie chart shows the allocation of the tax to the various funds.



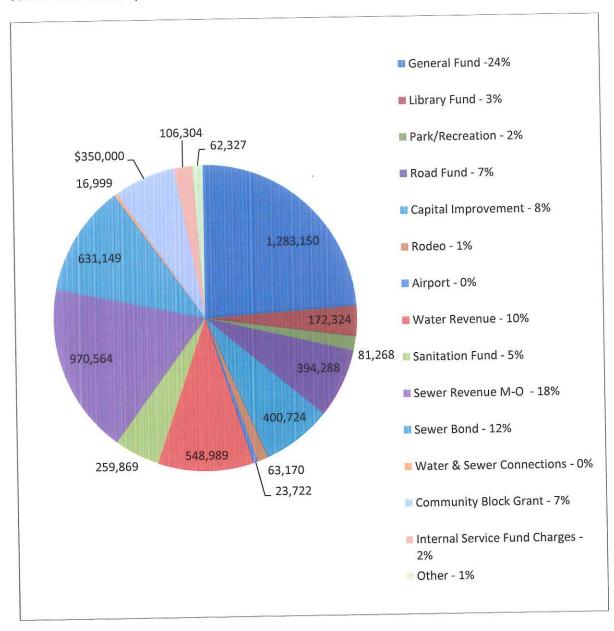
#### **GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES**

The general fund had an operating budget of \$1.605 million for the year. Actual expenditures (including transfers out) total \$1.331 million. The following chart summarizes the actual expenditures to the various departments within the general fund.



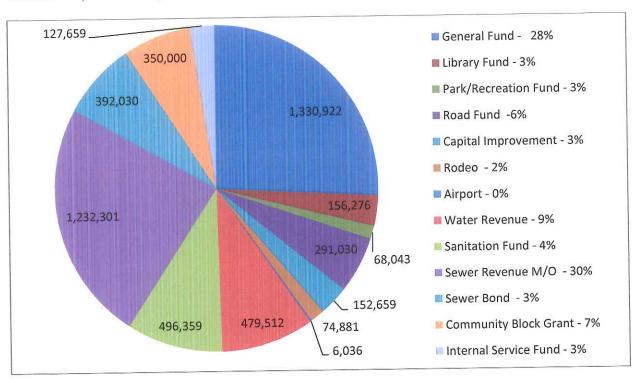
#### **CITY-WIDE REVENUES**

Total city-wide revenues (cash budget basis) totaled \$5.365 million. The following chart shows the source of revenues by funds.



#### CITY-WIDE EXPENDITURES

Total city-wide expenditures (cash budget basis) totaled \$5.158 million. The following chart shows the allocation expenditures by fund.



#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Rigby's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be directed to the city clerk/treasurer at 158 West Fremont, Rigby, ID 83442.

David Swager, CPA City Clerk/Treasurer

Page 8



#### CITY OF RIGBY Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

		ernmental ctivities		siness-Type Activities	•	Total	Co	mponent Unit
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,699,011	\$	2,509,970	\$	4,208,981	\$	364,143
Investments		419,591		4,566,119		4,985,710		-
Receivables (net)		168,172		240,838		409,010		1,441
Interfund receivable		187,212		-		187,212		-
Prepaid expenses		59,615		25,598		85,213		46
Capital assets, net of depreciation		5,672,180		17,836,075		23,508,255		•
Capital assets, non-depreciable		408,659		21,154		429,813		
Total assets	\$	8,614,440	\$	25,199,754	\$	33,814,194	\$	365,584
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension deferred outflows		183,544		-		183,544		<u> </u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	8,797,984	\$	25,199,754	\$	33,997,738	\$	365,584
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	46,556	\$	128,931	\$	175,486	\$	80,152
Interfund payable		187,212		-		187,212		-
Other payable		-		25,316		25,316		-
Salaries & benefits payable		50,211		-		50,211		-
Water deposits		-		32,333		32,333		-
Current portion of long term debt		4,859		460,968		465,827		-
Net pension liability		394,403				394,403		
Total current liabilities	\$	683,241	\$	647,548	\$	1,330,788	\$	80,152
Long-term liabilities								
Debt portion due in more than one year	i	15,886		10,031,908		10,047,794		-
Interim DEQ financing		-		-		-		-
Compensated absences		45,121		18,461		63,582		
Total long-term liabilities		61,007	\$	10,050,369	\$	10,111,376	\$	-
		544040		10.607.017	ď	11 442 164	o.	80,152
Total liabilities	\$	744,248	\$	10,697,917	\$	11,442,164	\$	60,134
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					•	054305	ø.	
Pension deferred inflows	·_\$	254,395	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	254,395	\$	•
NET POSITION								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		6,060,094		7,364,353		13,424,447		<del>-</del>
Restricted for:								
Capital projects	•.	1,137,892		-		1,137,892		-
Debt service		-		1,680,923		1,680,923		-
Community development								
and improvement projects		152,229	)	-		152,229		-
Unrestricted		449,126		5,456,561		5,905,687		285,432
Total net position		7,799,341	\$	14,501,837	7 9	22,301,178	\$	285,432

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF RIGBY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Component		(1,320,202)
q	Total	(352,586) \$ (581,650) (67,808) (206,553) (160,913) (39,039) (1,408,549)  (1,408,549) (1,5,376 65,004 513,944 (88,622) 615,702 615,702	ł
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Business-Type Activities	\$ 125,376 65,004 513,944 (88,622) 615,702 615,702	
Net (Ex Chang	Governmental Activities	(352,586) (581,650) (67,808) (206,553) (160,913) (1408,549)	
Capital Grants	and Contributions	13,093	The second secon
Program Revenues Operating	Grants and Contributions	5,494	5 - 5
Pr	Charges for Services	\$ 377,653 \$ 31,179   143,565   77,524   17,077   -	- \$
1	Expenses	239 222 222 566 577 184 184 127 290 520 520 522 519 946	\$ 1,320,202 \$
	Functions/Programs	Governmental activities:  Governmental activities:  General government.  Public safety.  Parks and recreation.  Cultural.  Internal Service charges.  Vater fund.  Sanitation fund.  Sewer fund.  Sewer fund.  Sewer fund.  Sewer fund.  Total business-type activities.  Total business-type activities.	Component unit

	3	
	Ü	
	ò	
	Z	
-	Ę	
-	Ŧ	

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for library Property taxes, levied for library Property taxes, levied for park and recreation fund State sales taxes State sales taxes State sales taxes State revenue sharing State liquor allocation Earnings on investments Miscellaneous Gain (loss) on sale of assets Internal Service Charges Transfers Transfers  R5,012 Property taxes, levied for park and recreation fund Property taxes, levied for park and recreation fundamental fundamen	& ·	270,948 
or general purposes  or library  or library  or park and recreation fund  or public works  or capital projects  (818)  (818)  (30,600)	11	1,033
118,440 or library or library or public works or public works or capital projects or capital projects 126,654 136,379 61,369 5,612 48,238 (818) sets (30,600)		1,033
or notary or park and recreation fund or public works or capital projects 126,654 136,379 61,369 5,612 48,238 (818) sets (30,600)	<i>⊾</i>	- - - 1,033 358,847
or park and recreation fund 171,028 or public works 34,657 or capital projects 126,654 136,379 61,369 5,612 48,238 (818) ets (30,600)	- N W C C C O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	- - - 1,033 358,847
154,336 or public works or capital projects 126,654 136,379 61,369 5,612 48,238 (818) sets (30,600)	δ. ε. σ. ε. σ.	- - - 1,033 358,847
or capital projects 34,657  or capital projects 126,654  136,379  61,369  5,612  48,238  (818)  sets (818)  (30,600)	. 21 13 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1,033
or capital projects 126,654 136,379 61,369 5,612 48,238 (818) (818) (30,600)	21 2 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	1,033 358,847
126,634 136,379 61,369 5,612 48,238 (818) (818) (58,329)	10004	1,033 358,847
136,379 61,369 5,612 48,238 (818) (818) (58,329)	₩ 0 N 4 .	1,033 358,847
61,369 5,612 48,238 (818) (818) (58,329) (30,600)	0 N 4 .	1,033 358,847
5,612 5,612 48,238 (818) (818) 44,649 (58,329)	<i>v</i> 4 <i>i</i>	1,033 358,847
48,238 (818) (818) 44,649 (58,329)	4 .	358,847
sale of assets (818) (818) 44,649 c Charges (58,329)	•	
(818) (818) 44,649 c Charges (58,329) (30,600)		
44,649 (58,329)		
(58,329)	8 106,307	,
(77,500)	, 6	•
	(30.600)	
1	-	630.828
1		17.20371
Chamber in not accord: 198, [32 /90, 40]		(+/ (-, 100)
y crace man the cash	7 20,385,926	974,806
15 36 577 1 1 5 3 6 5 7 7	1,526,577	,
	(529,907)	
ment	\$ 2	285,432
II Li		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

						Non		Total
	General Road					Major	Governmental	
ASSETS		Fund		Fund		Funds _		Funds
Cash	\$	713,232	\$	263,989	\$	702,082	\$	1,679,303
Investments		124,896		-		294,695		419,591
Taxes receivable		32,587		5,802		8,738		47,127
Other receivables		72,491		42,238		6,316		121,045
Interfund receivable		, <u>-</u>		_		187,212		187,212
Prepaid expenses		59,615		-		-		59,615
Total assets	\$	1,002,821	\$	312,029	\$	1,199,043	\$	2,513,893
	·							
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
LIABILITIES:								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	11,236	\$	10,430	\$	23,309	\$	44,975
Interfund payable		-		-		187,212		187,212
Payroll liabilities		13,700		-		-		13,700
Salaries payable/Benefits		36,511		-		-		36,511
Deferred revenue		29,040		5,158	****	7,778	-	41,976
Total current liabilities		90,487	-	15,588		218,299		324,374
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted		_		296,441		789,953		1,086,394
Committed		_		_,,,,,,		45,292		45,292
		_		_		145,499		145,499
AssignedUnassigned		912,334		_		_		912,334
Total fund balance		912,334		296,441		980,744		2,189,519
Total fund balance		,,,-	_					
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,002,821	\$	312,029	\$	1,199,043	\$	2,513,893

#### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 2,189,519
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture, and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole. The cost of those capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the various programs reported as governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. Because depreciation expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets Depreciation expense to date	\$ 8,596,359 (2,515,520)	6,080,839
Property taxes received that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		41,976
GASB 68 requires the accrual of net pension assets and liabilities and the deferred inflows and outflows of resources related thereto.		
Accrual of net pension liability for prior periods Prior period cash contributions Current period cash contributions Current period pension revenue	(241,411) (288,496) 95,253 (78,339)	(512,993)
Total net assets for governmental activities		\$ 7,799,341

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

			Non	Total
	General	Road	Major	Governmental
REVENUES	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Local Revenue:				
Property taxes	\$ 837,575	\$ 155,627	\$ 227,167	\$ 1,220,369
Earnings on investments	2,555	670	2,387	5,612
Fees and fines	17,123	_	-	17,123
Charges for services	31,179	77,550	46,418	155,147
Miscellaneous and other revenue	19,250	1,897	497,906	519,053
State revenues	283,567	158,544	23,584	465,695
Grants	13,093		5,452	18,545
Total revenue	1,204,342	394,288	802,914	2,401,544
EXPENDITURES				
General government	359,885	••	6,782	366,667
Public safety	596,204	-	92	596,296
Street and public improvement	•	291,030	-	291,030
Parks and recreation	-	-	130,295	130,295
Cultural	14,000	-	156,275	170,275
Capital outlay	3,396	-	514,541	517,937
Total expenditures	973,485	291,030	807,985	2,072,500
France (deficiency) of revenue				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	230,857	103,258	(5,071)	329,044
over expenditures	230,637	103,236	(5,071)	525,044
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Other Financing Source		-	-	-
Transfers	(278,632)		353,632	75,000
Net change in fund balances	(47,775)	103,258	348,561	404,044
Fund Balance - Beginning		193,183	632,183	1,785,475
Fund Balance - Ending		\$ 296,441	\$ 980,744	\$ 2,189,519
<del>-</del>	-			

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense over the life of the asset. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Capitalized assets Depreciation expense  S 170,837 (261,208)  In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.  Capital assets used in governmental activities were granted to a local non-profit organization. Only governmental activities capitalize and depreciate assets.  Capital asset used in governmental type activities to proprietary type activities are not recorded at the governmental fund level and are classified as capital contributions at the proprietary fund level. For government wide activities it is reported as a transfer.  Debt payments are treated as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.  Capital lease payable Bonds payable  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015 Deferred revenue - 2015 Deferred revenue - 2014	Net Change in fund balances-total govern Amounts reported for governmental a	ental funds vities in the Statement of Activities	:	\$ 404,044
activities report depreciation expense over the life of the asset. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Capitalized assets Depreciation expense  In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.  Capital assets used in governmental activities were granted to a local non-profit organization. Only governmental activities capitalize and depreciate assets.  Capital experimental type activities to proprietary type activities are not recorded at the governmental fund level and are classified as capital contributions at the proprietary fund level. For government wide activities it is reported as a transfer.  Capital lease payable Debt payments are treated as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.  Capital lease payable Bonds payable  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015		THE STATE OF THE S		
Depreciation expense (261,208) (90,371)  In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold. (2,915)  Capital assets used in governmental activities were granted to a local non-profit organization. Only governmental activities capitalize and depreciate assets. (123,220)  Transfers from governmental type activities to proprietary type activities are not recorded at the governmental fund level and are classified as capital contributions at the proprietary fund level. For government wide activities it is reported as a transfer. (133,329)  Debt payments are treated as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.  Capital lease payable  Bonds payable  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015	activities report depreciation	expense over the life of the asset. This is the		
whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.  Capital assets used in governmental activities were granted to a local non-profit organization. Only governmental activities capitalize and depreciate assets.  (123,220)  Transfers from governmental type activities to proprietary type activities are not recorded at the governmental fund level and are classified as capital contributions at the proprietary fund level. For government wide activities it is reported as a transfer.  Debt payments are treated as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.  Capital lease payable  Bonds payable  22,941  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015  (123,220)				(90,371)
Capital assets used in governmental activities were granted to a local non-profit organization. Only governmental activities capitalize and depreciate assets.  (123,220)  Transfers from governmental type activities to proprietary type activities are not recorded at the governmental fund level and are classified as capital contributions at the proprietary fund level. For government wide activities it is reported as a transfer.  (133,329)  Debt payments are treated as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.  Capital lease payable  Bonds payable  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015	whereas in the government financial resources. Thus,	funds, the proceeds from the sale increase change in net position differs from the		(2 915)
Transfers from governmental type activities to proprietary type activities are not recorded at the governmental fund level and are classified as capital contributions at the proprietary fund level. For government wide activities it is reported as a transfer.  Debt payments are treated as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.  Capital lease payable Bonds payable  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015  (123,220)  (123,220)  (133,329)				(2,713)
recorded at the governmental fund level and are classified as capital contributions at the proprietary fund level. For government wide activities it is reported as a transfer.  (133,329)  Debt payments are treated as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.  Capital lease payable  Bonds payable  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015  41,976	Capital assets used in governmorganization. Only governm	tal activities were granted to a local non-profit tal activities capitalize and depreciate assets.		(123,220)
the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.  Capital lease payable  Bonds payable  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015  41,976	recorded at the governmenta contributions at the propriets	and level and are classified as capital		(133,329)
Bonds payable  Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015  41,976	Debt payments are treated as the payments reduce long t	expenditure in the governmental funds, but n debt in the Statement of Activities.		
to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.  Deferred revenue - 2015  41,976			22,941	22,941
Deterred tevende more	to pay for current period ex they are recognized when l	enditures. In the Statement of Activities, however ited. This is the difference between the amount		
	=			(16,790)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	of current financial resour	Statement of Activities do not require the use and therefore are not reported as expenditures		
Compensated absences - 2015       (45,121)         Compensated absences - 2014       42,630       (2,491)				(2,491)
GASB 68 requires the calculation of net pension revenue (expense), and the deferral of current contributions.				
Current contributions 95,253 Net pension revenue (expense) (30,600) 64,653		kpense)		64,653
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment usage to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.  5,610	usage to individual funds.	ne net revenue (expense) of certain activities of		5,610
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$128,132				\$ 128,132

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF RIGBY Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2015

	Water Fund	Sanitation	<b>3</b> 1	Sewer Fund	Sewer Collecti	Sewer Collection		Total	Servi	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS  Cash - restricted for bond  Investments  Receivables  Capital assets, net of depreciation  Capital assets  Prepaid expenses  Total assets	\$ 498,782 - 622,289 51,424 2,156,417 21,154 4,396 3,354,462	\$ 240,843 - 133,490 24,738 396,949 - - 796,020	↔	1,261,052 251,165 2,742,420 164,676 15,051,276 - 21,202 19,491,791	~ -	230,453	S	2,231,130 251,165 4,566,119 240,838 17,604,642 21,154 25,598 25,598	φ φ	47,383 - - 231,432 - - 278,815
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Other payable Water deposits Salaries payable & payroll liabilities Current portion of long term debt Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Bond payable - long term Interim DEQ financing Compensated absences payable Total liabilities	11,712 32,333 - - 44,045 - - 7,024 51,069	749		25,316 25,316 - 460,968 601,173 10,031,908 8,908 8,908		1 1 1 1 1		127,350 25,316 32,333 460,968 645,967 10,031,908 - 18,461 10,696,336	€9	3,161
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Net assets - unrestricted Total net position	2,177,571 1,125,822 \$ 3,303,393	2,177,571 396,949 5,019,368 1,125,822 395,793 2,149,511 3,303,393 \$\frac{1}{3}\$\$	\$ ess-typ	5,019,368 1,680,923 2,149,511 \$ 8,849,802 ss-type activities	8	- 1,298,373 1,298,373		7,593,888 1,680,923 4,969,499 14,244,310	€-	231,432 - 44,222 275,654

are included with business-type activities.

Net position of business-type activities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

in the statement of net position are different because

certain internal service fund assets and liabilities

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2015

				Sewer		
	Water		Sewer	Collection		Internal
	Fund	Sanitation	Fund	Project	Total	Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUE			WILLOCKSOOMSCOTO THE			
Consumer charges\$	535,063	\$ 255,294	\$ 1,575,864	\$ - 5	\$ 2,366,221	\$ -
Other revenue	131	-	500	-	631	-
Other Services	_	-	-		-	106,307
Total operating revenue	535,194	255,294	1,576,364	MAGNISWIDE -	2,366,852	106,307
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries	43,553	67,172	112,355	-	223,080	8,322
Payroll taxes	4,768	11,603	14,739	-	31,110	975
Insurance - employee	16,316	11,842	46,510	-	74,668	1,794
Retirement - employee	7,017	8,045	12,513	-	27,575	992
Legal fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal shop building	7,053	7,053	7,250	-	21,356	8,213
Utilities	259	-	90,338	-	90,597	-
Office supplies and postage	4,752	4,278	5,996	-	15,026	-
Maintenance and repairs	208,418	30,044	108,534		346,996	29,368
Training and travel	596	11	1,143	-	1,750	-
Supplies	4,544	25	27,544	•	32,113	7,727
Fuel	265	-	4,638	-	4,903	35,558
Depreciation	82,894	23,519	458,142	-	564,555	34,712
Miscellaneous expense	23,332	26,698	51,908	-	101,938	-
Irrigation assessments	5,920	-	-	-	5,920	
Total operating expense	409,687	190,290	941,610	<u> </u>	1,541,587	127,661
Operating income (loss)	125,507	65,004	634,754		825,265	(21,354)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXP	ENSE)					
Wastewater project grant income	´ -	_	-	-	-	-
Wastewater project expenditures	_	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	-
Interest income	12,173	4,574	29,714	10,378	56,839	•
Interest expense	-	-	(120,310)	-	(120,310)	-
Gain (loss) on investments	1,655	-	(4,364)	-	(2,709)	•
Reserve for debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-	133,329
Operating transfers	177,517	70,506	(227,517)	-	20,506	(95,506)
Changes in net position	316,852	140,084	312,277	10,378	779,591	16,469
NET POSITION						
Total net position - beginning	2,986,541	652,658	8,537,525	1,287,995		259,185
Prior years adjustment	<u></u>	-		_	•	-
Total net position - ending	\$ 3,303,393	\$ 792,742	\$ 8,849,802	\$ 1,298,373	<u> </u>	\$ 275,654

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.

Change in net position of business-type activities

10,859 \$ 790,450

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF RIGBY Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds September 30, 2015

	Water		;	Sewer	;	Sewer		i	nternal
	Fund	Sanitation		Fund	Co	ollection	Totals	Serv	ice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						THE PARTY OF THE P	A. D. Z. A. D. C.		
	\$ 565,359	\$ 256,774	\$	1,655,069	\$	708,121	\$ 3,185,323	\$	106,307
Payments to suppliers and employees	(435,682)	(172,043)		(441,648)		-	(1,049,373)		(97,273)
Cash provided by customer deposits	11,946	-		-		-	11,946		-
Net cash provided (used)									
by operating activities	141,623	84,731		1,213,421		708,121	2,147,896		9,034
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING AC	TWITIES								
Transfers from (to) other funds	(25,000)	(25,000)		(25,000)		-	(75,000)		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	(23,000)	(23,000)		(23,000)			(10,000)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(5.5.000)	(0.5,000)		(25,000)			(75,000)		
financing activities	(25,000)	(25,000)		(25,000)			(75,000)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIV	ITIES								
Cash proceeds from grants	_	-		-		-	-		-
Cash paid for construction and equipment	(62,600)	(244,587)		(143,620)		-	(450,807)		-
Bond principle payments	, , ,	•	(	1,149,563)		-	(1,149,563)		-
Interest paid on bonds and leases		-		-		-	-		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and									
related financing activities	(62,600)	(244,587)	(	1,293,183)		_	(1,600,370)		-
THOUSE DE COME DE COME INVECTING A CENVITIES									
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	12,173	4,574		(90,596)		10,378	(63,471)		_
Change in market value of investments		(1,263)		(27,319)		(10,102)	(47,701)		_
Purchase of investments		(1,203)		(27,317)		-	-		_
Net cash provided (used)									
from investing activities	3,156	3,311		(117,915)		276	(111,172)	)	_
Holli iliyesting don rinosii	- ,						<u> </u>		
Net increase (decrease) in cash	57,179	(181,545)		(222,677)		708,397	361,354		9,034
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of year		422,388		1,734,894		(477,944)	2,120,941		38,349
Cash and cash equivalents-end of year		\$ 240,843	\$	1,512,217	\$	230,453	\$ 2,482,295	\$	47,383
,									
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provide	ed by								
operating activities									
Operating income	. \$ 125,507	\$ 65,004	\$	634,754	\$	-	\$ 825,265	\$	(21,354)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash									
provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation	. 82,894	23,519		458,142		•	564,555		34,712
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	30,165	1,480		78,705		708,121	818,471		-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	. 11,946	-		-		-	11,946		-
(Increase) decrease in customer prepaids	. (3,088)			(19,707)	)	-	(22,795		/ / 00 43
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	. (105,801)	(5,272)	i	41,179		-	(69,894	•	(4,324)
Noncash loss on capital assets no longer in service	_			20,348	•	700 101	20,348		0.034
Net cash provided by operating activities	. \$ 141,623	\$ 84,731	\$	1,213,421	\$	708,121	\$ 2,127,548	\$	9,034

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Rigby consists of patrons from Jefferson County.

This report includes all of the funds/accounts of the City. It includes all activities considered to be part of the City under GASB Statement #2100, *Defining the Governmental Reporting Entity*. Activities include areas in which the City can assert its authority either directly or indirectly by financial means. The City has an urban renewal agency within its legal jurisdiction. The agencies follow Idaho Code in their operations. The agencies boards, which must include one of the members of the City Council, are approved by the City Council. The agencies adopt their own budgets based on revenues prescribed by Idaho Code. The City does not have any authority over the urban renewal agency either directly or indirectly.

The City is organized and operates under the provisions of the Idaho Constitution and the accounting policies and practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governments. The city's reporting entity applies all relevant *Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB)* pronouncements. Proprietary funds and similar component units apply *Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB)* pronouncements and *Accounting Principal Board (APB)* opinions issued on or after November 30, 1989.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the basic financial statements of Rigby Urban Renewal Agency have been included in the financial reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit. It is presented as a separate column within the basic financial statements. The City appoints the governing body of the Agency. The Agency is comprised of volunteers who devote their time to improving and enhancing the quality of life within the City of Rigby.

For financial reporting purposes on the government wide financial statements, the City has capitalized improvement projects that the Agency has paid for and donated to the City for public use.

A copy of the Rigby Urban Renewal Agency audit may be obtained at the City office.

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal balances and transfers. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, Continued

#### Basis of Presentation, continued

Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road Fund. This fund is responsible for the operation, maintenance and development of roads within the City's jurisdiction.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's water resources.

Sewer Fund. This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

Sanitation Fund. This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sanitation system.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, Continued

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the City follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or after November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

#### C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

#### Cash and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the City Clerk for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. The pooled investments are reported at fair value at September 30, 2015 based on market prices. Cash also includes funds held at the Local Government Investment Pool arms interest at a variable rate and is available upon demand. Earnings on the pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds based on the balance of each participating fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers cash and cash equivalents in the proprietary funds to be cash on hand and demand deposits. Demand deposits include money market accounts and certificates of deposit. In addition, because the Local Government Investment Pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, Continued

#### Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectables. Because property taxes attach as an enforceable lien after three years of delinquency, the City feels that all receivables are collectible.

#### Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied in November of each year and become payable on December 20, and June 20, of the following year for real property and personal property.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of December 20 following the levy in August. Therefore, no amount has been set aside for an allowance for doubtful accounts. Property taxes collected after December 1, 2015 are classified as deferred revenue.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

The City does not have any inventory items at September 30, 2015.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The City had the following prepaid items at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund	\$ 59,615
Water Fund	\$ 4,396
Sewer Revenue Fund	\$ 2,027
Sewer Bond Fund	\$ 19,175
Non-Major Funds	\$ 0

The balances represent prepaid workman's compensation insurance of \$8,726 and \$76,487 of other prepaid expenses.

#### Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 2001 are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The Standards did not require that we track and maintain general infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001 and also do not require us to retroactively restate these assets for financial reporting purposes. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. The City has elected to capitalize all asset acquisitions that exceed \$3,000. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and structures	10 – 40
Machinery and equipment	3 10
Industrial systems	30 - 40

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, Continued

#### Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

#### **Fund Balance Reserves**

The five categories of fund balance are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City had fund balances which were restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned of \$1,086,394, \$45,292, \$145,499 and \$912,334 respectively. Restricted funds are those which are constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Committed funds are those which are constrained to being used for a specific purpose by the City itself. Assigned Funds are amounts intended to be used for specific purposes as expressed by the City's management. Unassigned funds are those which are available for any purpose.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of the City's deposit and investment balances as of September 30, 2015:

J13.	Pooled Cash and
	Investments
Demand Deposits	\$ 1,878,280
Certificates of Deposit	1,588,429
State Investment Pool	7,918
Investments	4,985,710
Money Market	734,354
Total	\$ 9,194,691

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

#### Cash Deposits

The following is a schedule illustrating the cash balances held by the City of Rigby that are insured, collateralized, or uninsured as of September 30, 2015. The City does not have a deposit policy.

Depository	Bank	Book	FDIC		
Institution	<u>Balance</u>	<b>Balance</b>	<u>Insured</u>	Collateralized	<u>Uninsured</u>
Zions Bank	\$2,839,303	\$2,576,131	\$ 250,000	\$ 734,354	\$1,854,950
Xpress Deposit	70,143	25,843	70,143	0	0
Bank of Commerce	77,399	77,399	77,399	0	0
Wells Fargo	8,690	8,690	8,690	0	0
US Bank	1,500	1,794	1,500	0	0
State Invest. Pool	7,916	7,918	0	0	7,916
Idaho Central	1,021,428	1,021,428	250,000	0	771,428
Westmark	502,184	502,184	250,000	0	252,184
Petty Cash	0	150	0	0	150
Investment Accts:					
<b>Edward Jones</b>	438,731	438,731	0	0	438,731
Wells Fargo	382,007	382,007	259,896	0	122,111
RBC Wealth	974,456	974,456	0	0	974,456
Zions	2,135,839	2,135,839	1,450,000	0	685,839
US Bank	1,042,122	<u>1,042,121</u>	425,000	0	617,121
Total	<u>\$9,501,718</u>	<u>\$9,194,691</u>	<u>\$3,042,628</u>	<u>\$ 734,354</u>	<u>\$5,724,886</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2015, \$5,724,886 of the government's cash and investments bank balance of \$9,501,718 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk: Per the Local Government Investment Pool management, the investment pool itself does not have a credit rating.

#### Investments

The City's investment policy, in compliance with state statutes, authorizes the Clerk to invest in the following -1) Corporate Bonds, 2) Federal Agency Obligations, 3) Mortgage Backed Securities, and 4) Mutual Funds.

As of September 30, 2015, the City has the following investments.

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Money Market	n/a	122,213
Certificates of Deposit	Various	2,580,708
Federal Agency Obligations	Various	105,749
Mortgage Backed Securities	n/a	1,157
Mutual Funds	n/a	252,582
Bonds	Various	1,923,301
Total Investments		<u>\$ 4,985,710</u>

Concentration Credit Risk is the risk that the City has invested more than 5% of their total investment in any one issuer. Currently, the City of Rigby holds the following individual issues in an amount greater than 5% of their total investments:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Individual <u>Issuer</u>	% of Total Investment
Calvert FD Ultra Short – Fixed Income Fund	5.16%
Pimco Short Term Fund - Fixed Income Fund	5.31%
BMW Bank North America Utah - Corporate Bond	5.10%
Synchrony Bank Retail CD	5.10%

Credit Risk: The City's investments are rated by the two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations—Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investment Services. Investments in US Government Agencies, Corporate Bonds, and Mutual Funds are rated AAA and Aaa, respectively.

#### NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year end consist of the following:

		Street	Other		Enterp	rise Funds	
	General Fund	and Road Fund	Governmental Funds	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	<u>Sanitation</u>	Sewer Collection
Local Sources							
Property Taxes	\$ 32,587	\$ 5,802	\$ 8,738	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Consumer Fees	0	0	0	51,424	163,416	24,738	0
Other	0	0	0	0	1,260	0	0
Total Local	<u>\$ 32,587</u>	\$ 5,802	<u>\$ 8,738</u>	<u>\$ 51,424</u>	<u>\$ 164,676</u>	<u>\$ 24,738</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
State Sources							
Other State Revenue	\$ 72,491	\$ 38,317	<u>\$ 6,316</u>				
Total Receivable	\$105,078	<u>\$ 44,119</u>	<u>\$ 15,054</u>				

#### NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### Interfund Receivable/Payable

During the course of its operations, the City had numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. As of September 30, 2015 the LID#8 fund owed the Capital Improvement fund \$187,212 for cash advances for projects.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

The following interfund operating transfers were made during the fiscal year to cover expenditures from operations:

Major Funds	<u>Transfers To</u>	Transfers From
General	\$ 92,368	\$ 371,000
Capital Improvement	537,212	-
Parks, Rodeo	-	13,561
Water	-	25,000
Sanitation	-	25,000
Sewer	-	25,000
LID #7	-	3,807
LID #8	-	187,212
Library	15,000	-
Airport	6,000	-

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Additionally, transfers of capital assets were made to coincide with their related purposes as follows:

Fund	Transfers To	<b>Transfers From</b>
Water	\$ 202,517	\$ -
Sanitation	95,506	_
Sewer	-	202,517
Governmental Activities	-	133,329
Internal Service	133,329	95,506

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

#### Police Vehicles

During fiscal year 2011, the City entered into a capital lease agreement with Government Vehicle Leasing Company for the lease and subsequent purchase of 4 police vehicles. Payments are due in five annual installments of \$19,792, including interest at a rate of 8.2%. The City made the final payment on the lease during the 2015 fiscal year.

#### Rodeo Tractor

During fiscal year 2014, the City entered into a capital lease agreement with Bank of the West for the lease and subsequent purchase of a Kubota tractor and loading bucket. Payments are due in five annual installments of \$5,765.55, including interest at a rate of 4.37%. Principal due on the lease payments as of September 30, 2015 is \$20,745.

#### Sewer Revenue Bond Issue:

As of September 30, 2015 the City had one sewer revenue bond outstanding the second was paid off during the 2015 fiscal year. The first bond bears interest of 3.75% per annum and matures December 22, 2040. Annual payments of principal and interest are due in December in the amount of \$168,270. The total amount outstanding as of September 30, 2015 was \$2,764,055. The second bond had a principal balance of \$889,086 with a stated interest rate of 2.75%. The principal amount of \$889,086 was paid off during the year.

#### Wastewater Project Loans

The DEQ is providing loan funds to the City which are being used to finance the construction of the wastewater treatment facility as well as improvements to the wastewater collection system. As of September 30, 2015, the loan balance payable to the DEQ was \$7,728,821 for the wastewater treatment facility. The loan is interest free with annual payments of \$198,175 and will mature in April of 2035.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

The following schedule recaps the changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015:

	Begin	ning					En	ding
Governmental-type activities	Bala	nce	Ado	litions	Subt	ractions	<u>Ba</u>	<u>lance</u>
Government Vehicle Leasing Co.	\$	8,286	\$	0	\$	18,286	\$	0
Bank of the West	2	25,400		0		4,655		20,745
Compensated absences		2,630		2,491		0		45,121
Total governmental-type	\$ 8	<u> 86,316</u>	\$	2,491	\$	22,941	<u>\$</u>	65,866
Business-type activities								
Waste Water Project DEQ Loan	7,92	26,996		0		198,175	7	,728,821
Sewer USDA Loan	3,7	5,423		0		951,368	2	,764,055
Compensated absences		1,151		7,310		0		18,461
Total business-type activities	\$11,6	53 <u>,570</u>	\$	7,310	<u>\$1</u>	149,543	<u>\$10</u>	<u>,511,337</u>

Maturities of long-term obligations are as follows:

2016	\$	465,827
2017		468,462
2018		471,198
2019		474,034
2020		471,219
Thereafter	_	8,162,881
Total	<u>\$1</u>	<u>0,513,621</u>

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Capital Acquisitions	Sales / Other <u>Changes</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Non-depreciable Assets: Work-in-progress	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Land	408,659	0	0	408,659
Depreciable Assets: Buildings/Sites Equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 3,965,300 1,426,557 1,373,430 7,173,946 (2,269,841) \$ 4,904,105	\$ 22,610 23,153 1,518,315 1,564,078 (261,208) \$ 1,302,870	\$ (137,315) (4,350) 0 (141,665) 15,529 \$ (126,136)	\$ 3,850,595 1,445,360 2,891,745 8,596,359 (2,515,520) \$ 6,080,839
Business-type Activities Non-depreciable Assets: Work-in-progress Land	\$ 0 21,154	\$ 0 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 21,154
Depreciable Assets:				
Water Fund	A 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0	A (3 (00)	e 260.072	ft 2.007.140
Buildings & equipment	\$ 2,764,476	\$ 62,600	\$ 260,072	\$ 3,087,148
Less: accumulated depreciation	(790,283)	(82,894)	(57,555)	(930,732)
Water capital assets, net	1,974,193	<u>(20,294)</u>	202,517	<u>2,156,416</u>
Sanitation Fund	276 970	205.460	244,587	826,926
Buildings & equipment	376,879	205,460		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(296,504)	(23,519)	(109,954)	(429,977) 396,949
Sanitation capital assets, net	<u>80,375</u>	<u> 181,941</u>	<u>134,633</u>	390,949
Sewer	17 700 102	143,620	(422,611)	17,519,112
Buildings & equipment	17,798,103 (2,209,441)	(458,142)	199,746	(2,467,837)
Less: accumulated depreciation	15,588,662	(314,522)	(222,865)	15,051,275
Sewer capital assets, net	13,388,002	(314,322)	(222,803)	15,051,275
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$17,664,384</u>	<u>\$ (152,875)</u>	<u>\$ 114,285</u>	<u>\$17,625,794</u>
Internal Service Fund				
Buildings & equipment	\$ 947,961	\$ 146,306	\$ (440,607)	\$ 653,660
Less: accumulated depreciation	(719,640)		332,124	(422,228)
Internal Service capital assets, net	<u>\$ 228,321</u>	<u>\$ 111,594</u>	<u>\$ (108,483)</u>	<u>\$ 231,432</u>

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 261,208
Water fund	82,894
Sanitation fund	23,519
Sewer fund	458,142
Internal Service	34,712
	\$ 860,475

#### NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to a considerable number of risks of loss including but not limited to a) damage to and loss of property and contents; b) employee torts; c) professional liability, i.e. errors and omissions; d) environmental damage; e) workers compensation, i.e. employee injuries and f) medical insurance costs of its employees. Commercial insurance policies transferring the risk of loss, but for a relatively small deductible amount, are purchased for property and content damage, employees' torts and professional liabilities. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the insurance deductible provided for in the last three years.

#### NOTE 8 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City retired existing debt in November, 2015 in the amount of \$500,000.

#### NOTE 9 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City has not been involved in any related party transactions that would violate the Idaho Code or applicable federal regulations.

#### NOTE 10 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING

The City of Rigby contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <a href="https://www.persi.idaho.gov">www.persi.idaho.gov</a>.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of September 30, 2015 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	42,657
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11,859
Active plan members	<u>67,008</u>
•	121, 524

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 10 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING - CONTINUED

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by stature at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2015 it was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. The City of Rigby's contributions were \$96,115 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the City of Rigby reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City of Rigby's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City of Rigby's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2015, the City of Rigby's proportion was .000299508 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City of Rigby's recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$78,594. At September 30, 2015 the City of Rigby reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 10 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING – CONTINUED

	Deferred O		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	=	\$47,280
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		14,364	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments		-	207,115
Changes in the employer's proportion and difference	S		
between the employer's contributions and			
the employer's proportionate contributions		-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		<u>24,029</u>	<del> </del>
TOTAL		\$38,393	\$254,395

\$24,029 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2015.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at June 30, 2015 the beginning of the measurement period ended September 30, 2015 is 5.5 years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended	September	30,	2015:
------------	-----------	-----	-------

2016	\$ (40,457)
2017	\$ (40,457)
2018	\$ (40,457)
2019	\$ 29,365
2020	\$ (2,873)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	4.5 - 10.25%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1%

### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

### NOTE 10 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING – CONTINUED

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- · No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- · Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2014 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%
Broad US Equities	Wilshire 5000 / Russell 3000	55.00%	6.90%
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE	15.00%	7.55%
Assumed Inflation – Mean			3.25%
Assumed Inflation – Standard I	Deviation		2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Retu	ım		8.42%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected			7.50%
Assumed Investment Expenses			0.40%
_	Return, net of Investment Expense	es	$\frac{7.10\%}{}$

### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

### NOTE 10 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING – CONTINUED

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
City or Rigby's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	960,623	394,403	(76,333)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2015

### NOTE 11 DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

At September 30, 2015 the LID #8 fund had a deficit fund balance of \$136,697.

### NOTE 12 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A prior period adjustment was made in accordance with application of the requirements of GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an Amendment of GASB Statement no. 27 which recorded the net pension liability of the City, pursuant to the Cities participation in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI), which resulted in a net decrease in net position.

### NOTE 13 POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The City of Rigby does not provide post-retirement benefits to its employees and has no reporting requirement under GASB #45.

### NOTE 14 RIGBY URBAN RENEWAL

The Rigby Urban Renewal Agency (Agency) has been presented in the government-wide financial statements as a discretely presented component unit of the City of Rigby due to its operational and/or financial relationship with the City. The agency is organized and operates under the Idaho Urban Renewal Law of 1965 (Chapter 20, Title 50, Idaho Code).

- A. The accounting policies and practices of the Agency conform to generally accepted accounting principles applied to governments.
- B. Cash and investments for all funds consist of the following at year end:

Cash – demand deposit (net of overdrafts) Cash – State Investment Pool	\$ 234,332 129,811
Total	\$ 364,143

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits as authorized by Idaho statutes. The carrying amounts and the bank balance were \$234,332 at year end. The entire bank balance of \$234,332 was covered by federal depository insurance. Cash held at the Local Government Investment Pool is uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Agency follows the requirements of the Idaho Public Depository Law (Idaho Code Section: Title 57-100) and applicable investment rights and restrictions cited by Idaho Code Section, Title 67:67-1210.

C. Receivables at year end consist of the following:

Property Taxes \$ 1,441

D. Payables at year end consist of the following:

Accounts Payable \$ 158,152



### Budget to Actual Comparison Schedule

### General Fund

For Year Ended September 30, 2015

Variance with

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Local Sources:				
Local Revenue:				
Taxes	\$ 810,573	\$ 810,573	\$ 837,575	\$ 27,002
Earnings on investments	1,500	1,500	2,555	1,055
Fees and fines	9,000	9,000	17,123	8,123
Charges for services	36,200	36,200	31,179	(5,021)
Miscellaneous and other revenue	13,000	13,000	19,250	6,250
State revenues	287,600	287,600	283,567	(4,033)
Grants	20,000	20,000	13,093	(6,907)
Total revenue	1,177,873	1,177,873	1,204,342	26,469
EXPENDITURES				
General government	520,495	520,495	359,885	160,610
Public safety	672,850	672,850	596,204	76,646
Cultural	15,000	15,000	14,000	1,000
Capital outlay	18,500	18,500	3,396	15,104
Total expenditures	1,226,845	1,226,845	973,485	253,360
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(48,972)	(48,972)	230,857	279,829
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE:	S)			
Other Financing Source	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(312,000)	(312,000)	(278,632)	33,368
Net change in fund balances	(360,972)	(360,972)	(47,775)	313,197
Fund Balance - Beginning	960,109	960,109	960,109	-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 599,137	\$ 599,137	\$ 912,334	\$ 313,197

### Budget to Actual Comparison Schedule Road Fund

### For Year Ended September 30, 2015

Variance with **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Final Budget **REVENUES** Original Final Amounts Positive (Negative) **Local Sources:** Local Revenue: 154,245 154,245 \$ 155,627 \$ 1,382 Taxes..... Earnings on investments..... 670 670 73,000 73,000 77,550 4,550 Charges for services..... Miscellaneous and other revenue..... 2,800 2,800 1,898 (902)158,544 150,310 150,310 8,234 State revenues..... 380,355 380,355 394,289 13,934 Total revenue..... **EXPENDITURES** Street and public improvement..... 380,355 380,355 291,030 89,325 Capital outlay..... Total expenditures..... 380,355 380,355 291,030 89,325 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures..... 103,259 103,259 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers..... 103,259 103,259 Net change in fund balances..... FUND BALANCES 193,182 193,182 Beginning of the year..... 193,182 Prior Period Adjustment.....

193,182

End of the year.....

296,441

103,259

193,182

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2015

### NOTE 1 BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Idaho Constitution and the Idaho State Tax Commission prescribe the budget process and procedures for governmental subdivisions. The City has satisfied the basic requirements prescribed in the following particulars:

- 1) Formulation of subsequent year budget requirements by City officials and personnel.
- 2) Perusal of formulated budgets by City officials.
- 3) Presentation of preliminary and final budget requirements in formal news media of the City.
- 4) Open hearings to permit taxpayer input before such budgets are formally adopted.

Subsequent control of budgets following adoption is accomplished through a budget-expenditures control system with interim status accounting and reporting made available to officials and employees for management purposes. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

### NOTE 2 EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

Expenditures did not exceed budget amounts in any major funds during 2015.

# CITY OF RIGBY SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2015
City of Rigby's portion of the net pension liability	(	0.0299508%
City of Rigby's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	394,403
City of Rigby's covered-employee payroll	\$	822,546
City of Rigby's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage		
of its covered-employee payroll		47.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		91.38%

<sup>-</sup> Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2015

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, City of Rigby will only present those years for which information is available.

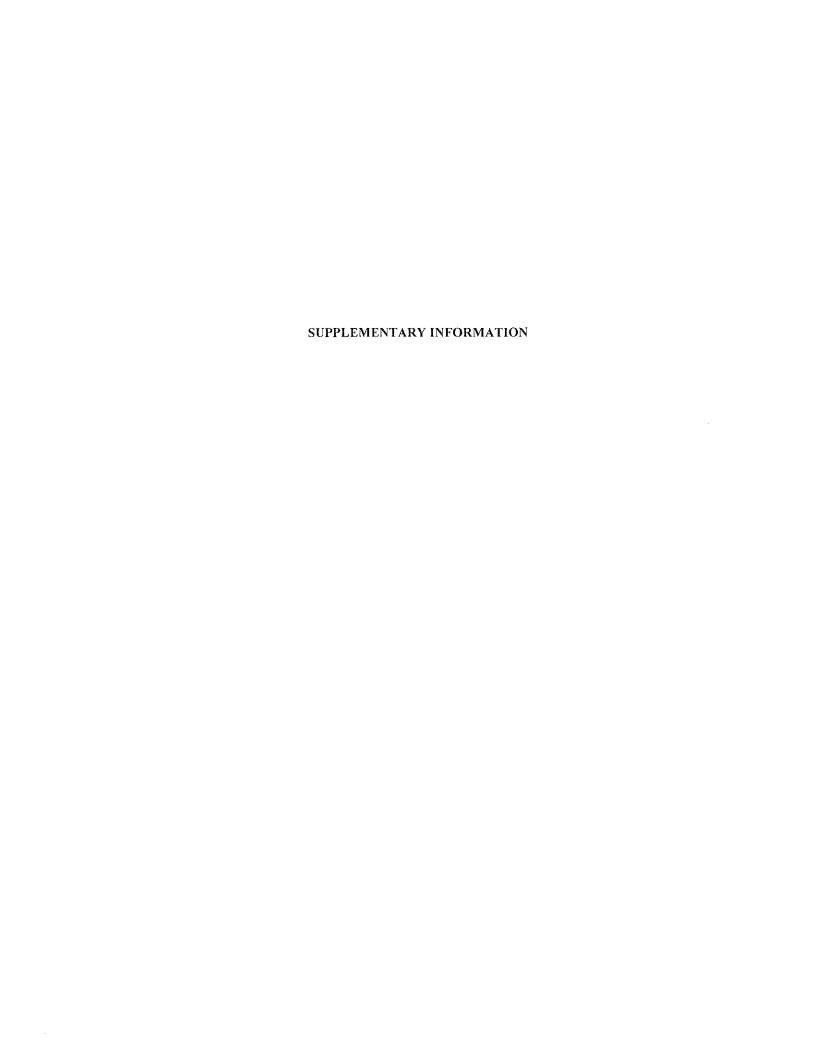
## CITY OF RIGBY SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

### PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 97,353
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 93,143
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ (4,210)
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 809,554
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.51%

<sup>-</sup> Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2015

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, City of Rigby will only present those years for which information is available.



# CITY OF RIGBY Combining Balance Sheet - Non Major Funds September 30, 2015

				Special Revenue	anue								Capital Projects	jects		jamenty pjene se esenje se e e e e	
		Arterial				Utility		Police						Sewer			
	Library Fund	Road Fund	Park Fund	Senior Citizens	` [	Assistance Trust Fund	a P	Drug Fund	E ⊡	Airport Fund	Cap	Capital Improvement	Water Construction	Construction Fund	ion LID#7	LID#8	Totals
ASSETS	ì	107	700 211 3	£ &	।   इ	ا پ		0098	<b>9</b>	।   ४	, ,		908 85	\$75 67 \$	ا چ ا	\$ 50 515	690 602 3
Cash	. \$0/,12 €		3 113,227				9	0,070				566,100	`			4 JU, JI	307,007
Investments		41,081	1000	•		•		,		066,21		1001	241,030	•	'		0 770
Taxes receivable	4,642	•	7,907	•		1		1		ţ		1,189	•	1	•	•	8,738
Other receivables	3,144	ı	2,169	1		1		i		/.9	,	956		1	1	,	6,316
Interfund receivable	,	•	r	ı		•		1			_	187,212	,	•	1	Í	187,212
Prepaid expenses	1	,	,	•		1		ŧ		,		·	-		'	,	1
Total assets	. \$ 35,554	\$ 45,292	\$ 120,303	\$	62	- \$	s>	8,690	ક્ક	38,828	\$	557,270	\$ 299,954	\$ 42,575	.5 \$ -	\$ 50,515	\$ 1,199,043
					! 		l I										
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ND BALANCE	(+)															
LIABILITIES:																	
Accounts payable	. \$ 481	- <del>5</del>	\$ 3,209	· •>		- €⁄3	64		sn.	578	<del>69</del>	19,041	•	<u>-</u>	• <del>&gt;</del>	ا جم	\$ 23,309
Interfund payable		•	ı	;		•		1				ŧ	1	•	•	187,212	187,212
Salaries payable		1	•	•		•						,	(	•	1	1	•
Payroll liabilities	ļ	ı		•		ı		1				,	,	1	*	*	,
Deferred Expenditures	,	1		1		ı						,	*	•	•	t	,
Deferred revenue	4,134	,	2,596	,		1		*				1,048	•	1		1	7,778
Total liabilities	4,615	( "	5,805	3 :		ı	1	1		578		20,089				187,212	218,299
FUND BALANCE:																	
Restricted	,	1	,	,		1		8,690		38,250	41	537,181	299,954	42,575		(136,697)	789,953
Committed	1	45,292	ŝ	•		1		ı		1			1	•	1	1	45,292
Assigned	30,939	1	114,498	,	62	1		1		,			-	,	,	1	145,499
Total fund balance	30,939	45,292	114,498		[ ]     [ ]	- water		8,690		38,250	41	537,181	299,954	42,575	5	(136,697)	980,744
Total liabilities and fund balance	. \$ 35,554	45,292	\$ 120,303	ક્ક	62		<b>&amp;</b> >	8,690	<del>\$</del>	38,828	\$	557,270	\$ 299,954	\$ 42,575	. \$ - \$	\$ 50,515	\$ 1,199,043
					1				-								

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF RIGBY Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non Major Funds September 30, 2015

			Sp	Special Revenue	4)				Capit	Capital Projects			
		Arterial			Ufility	Police				Sewer			
Saling/vao	Library	Road	Park Fund	Senior Citizens	Assistance Trust Fund	Drug Fund	Airport Fund	Capital Improvements	Water Construction	Construction Fund	CID #7	LID #8	Fotal
ั้		1	70 283	÷	3	·	, 42	\$ 34.703	, 6-9	<del>s</del>	ı ₩	· ·	227,167
:	\$ 120,081	, ,		) ;	) <del>)</del>	·	,				1	ı	2.387
Earnings on investments	750.51	/6]		, ,		•	11.190	3,151	000'6	6,000	ı	t	46,418
Charges for services	7,077		78.374	350,000	•	1,434	6,531	8,640		ı	1	50,515	497,906
Miscellancous and other revenue	10 301	1	7.242		1	. •	1	4,041	1	ı	1	ı	23,584
State revenues	5.452	1	! ! '	1	•	•		1	•	1	,	1	5,452
Total revenue	157,323	197	157,999	350,000	, L	1,434	17,721	50,725	10,667	6,333	-	50,515	802,914
EXPENDITURES													Č
General covernment	1	ŧ	ı	ı	1	1	6,035	747	1	ı	·	,	6,782
Street and public improvement.	,	1	٠	•	1	•	1	•	•	1	ı	•	, (
Dublic safety	ı	ì	ı	•	•	92	,	,	•	1	3	1	26
Parks and recreation	1	•	130,295	3	1	•		1	•		t	ŧ	150,295
	156 275	ı	ı	•	,	1	1	•	•	ŧ	1	1	156,275
Canada outlay	1	ı	12,629	350,000	•	ı	ı	151,912	1		-	4	514,541
Total expenditures	156.275	,	142,924	350,000	-	92	6,035	152,659	1	1	-	1	807,985
		1											
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	1,048	197	15,075	•	1	1,342	11,686	(101,934)	10,667	6,333	•	50,515	(5,071)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers	S) 15,000	1 1	(13,561)	1 1	÷ I	ι ι	6,000	537,212	1 5	**************************************	(3,807)	(187,212)	353,632
Net change in fund balances	16,048	197	1,514	-	1	1,342	17,686	435,278	10,667	6,333	(3,807)	(136,697)	348,561
FUND BALANCES  Reginning of the year	14,891	45,095	112,984	62	1	7,348	20,564	101,903	289,287	36,242	3,807	,	632,183
Prior neriod adjustment	•	1		,	1	ì						a (207 7C1) a	2 000
	\$ 30,939	\$ 45,292	\$ 114,498	\$ 62	1 <del>50</del>	8 8,690	\$ 38,250	\$ 537,181	+c6'667 <b>\$</b>	\$ 42,373	-	\$ (150,051)	-

The notes to the snancial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### Schedule of Expenditures General Fund

### For Year Ended September 30, 2015

		Tota	I	•
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	Marine Ma	Expendi	tures	
Mayor & Council				
Payroll related expenditures	\$	39,858		
Public relations		3,135		
Other Total Mayor & Council	<del></del>	1,462	¢.	44.455
Total Mayor & Council			\$	44,455
City Hall				
Payroll related expenditures	\$	-		
Utilities & telephone		9,363		
Maintenance		2,769		
Total City Hall			\$	12,132
Administration				
Payroll related expenditures	\$	125,178		
Office expenditures		28,218		
Bank fees		10,483		
Other		5,025		
Total Administration			\$	168,904
Non-departmental				
Payroll related expenditures	\$	18,000		
Legal & professional		54,750		
Bonds & insurance		26,216		
Other		10,160		
Total Non-departmental			\$	109,126
Planning & Zoning				
Payroll related expenditures	\$	18,690		
Office expenditures		2,610		
Engineering fees		630		
Other		3,338	Φ.	25.260
Total Planning & Zoning TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE	S		\$	25,268 359,885
PUBLIC SAFETY Payroll related expenditures	\$	476,438		
Office expenditures	Ф	12,566		
Utilities & telephone		16,285		
Police expenditures		68,346		
Maintenance & repairs		22,569		
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY		22,007	\$	596,204
CULTURAL				
Museum, rodeo, & discretionary cultural expenditures			\$	14,000
CAPITAL OUTLAY	o.			
City Hall	\$	-		
Administration Police		3,396		
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY		5,570	\$	3,396
TOTAL CATITAL OUTEAT TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES			\$	973,485
				,

### JENSEN POULSEN & COMPANY, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. BOX 50700
185 S. CAPITAL
IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO 83405

ERNEST M JENSEN, M.B.A., C.P.A. ROBERT B. POULSEN, C.P.A. SHERI L. POULSEN, C.P.A. CORY L. WALLACE, C.P.A.

TELEPHONE: (208) 522-2295 (208) 522-1330 FAX: (208) 522-2297 (208) 523-5699

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Council City of Rigby Rigby, ID 83442

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rigby, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Rigby, Idaho's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 4, 2016.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rigby, Idaho's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Rigby's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this sections and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify and deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies (#2015-01).

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Mayor and City Council City of Rigby, Idaho Page 2

### City of Rigby, Idaho's Response to Findings,

City of Rigby, Idaho's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. City of Rigby, Idaho's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jensen Poulsen & Company, PLLC

JENSEN POULSEN & COMPANY, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Idaho Falls, Idaho February 4, 2016

### Schedule of Audit Findings and Responses September 30, 2015

### FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

### A. SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2015-01 – Inadequate separation of duties in the cash disbursement function

### Condition:

The duties of custody, recording, and approval of cash disbursements, are not sufficiently separated to provide reasonable assurance that material misstatements of the financial statements due to error or fraud would be detected and corrected in a timely manner.

### Criteria:

While the Council and Mayor hold the power of approval, both the Clerk and the administrative assistant have custody and recording duties and capabilities and are not sufficiently separated.

### Effect:

The lack of proper separation of duties may increase the risk or occurrence of materially misstated financial information due to error or fraud.

### Recommendation:

We recommend that the duties of custody and recording be more distinctly separated between the clerk and the assistant.

### Response:

The City recognizes the lack of separation of duties and will attempt to further correct the situation as they are able, considering the inherent limitations presented by limited personnel. At this time, it is not cost effective to hire additional personnel. Rather, the City will rely on their compensating controls.

### Schedule of Audit Findings and Responses September 30, 2015

### Findings on Prior Findings:

### FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

### A. SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2014-01 — Inadequate separation of duties in the cash disbursement function

Status: Still reporting finding at 2015-1.

2014-02 — Payment of library claims without City Council approval.

Status: Corrected

2014-03 — Lack of control over financial transactions of the Airport Fund

Status: Corrected

2014-04 — Lack of control over financial transactions of the Rodeo Fund

Status: Corrected